

TO-220AB PLASTIC SILICON RECTIFIERS

Features

- •Ultrafast 35 Nanosecond Recovery Time
- •175°C Operating Junction Temperature
- Popular TO-220AB Package
- •Epoxy Meets UL94 ,V0 @ 1/8"
- •High Temperature Glass Passivated Junction
- •Low Forward Voltage
- Low Leakage Current
- •Reverse Voltage to 600 Volts
- •Pb-Free Packages are Available

Mechanical Characteristics

- Case: Epoxy, Molded
- •Weight: 1.9 grams (approximately)

 $\bullet\ensuremath{\mathsf{Finish}}$: All External Surfaces Corrosion Resistant and Te $\ensuremath{\mathsf{rminal}}$

Leads are Readily Solderable

•Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes: 260°C Max. for 10 Seconds

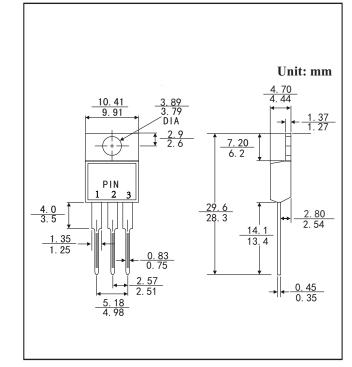
Shipped 50 units per plastic tube

MAXIMUM RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

@ 25°C Ambient Temperature (unless otherwise noted)

Parameter		Symbol	SF1002	SF1004	SF1006	Unit
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage Working Peak Reverse Voltage DC Blocking Voltage		VRRM VRWM VR	200	400	600	V
Average Rectified Forward Current Total Device, (Rated VR), TC = 150℃		IF(AV)	5 10			А
Peak Repetitive Forward Current (Rated VR, Square Wave, 20 kHz), TC = 150 °C		IFM	16			А
Nonrepetitive Peak Surge Current (Surge applied at rated load conditions halfwave , single phase, 60 Hz)		IFSM	100			А
Operating Junction Temperature and Storage TemperatureTJ, Tstg			– 55 to +175			°C
Maximum Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case		RθJC	3.0	2.0		°C/W
Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage (1)(IF = 5.0 Amps, TC = 25°C)		VF	1.1	1.4	1.6	V
Maximum reverse current at rated DC blocking voltage	@T _A =25	IR	10 500			μΑ
	@T _A =100					
Maximum Reverse Recovery Time (IF = 0.5 A, = IR 1.0 A, IREC = 0.25 A)		Trr	35			ns

(1) Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300µs, Duty Cycle≤2.0%.



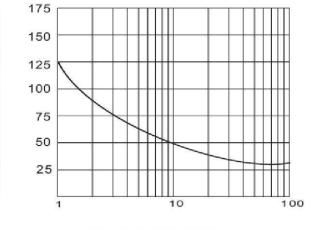


FORWARD SURGE CURRENT, AMPERES

SF1002~SF1006

RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

INSTANTANEOUS REVERSE CURRENT, uA



NO. OF CYCLES AT 60Hz

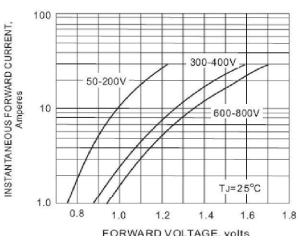


Fig.3FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

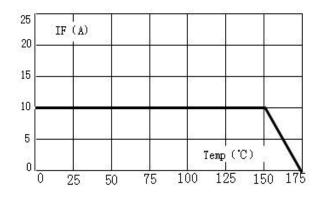
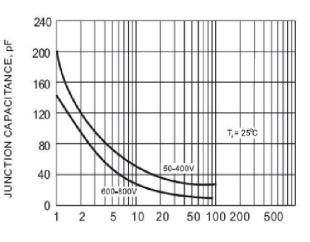


Fig.5FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE



REVERSE VOLTAGE, VOLTS

Fig.2TYPICAL JUNCTION CRPACITANCES

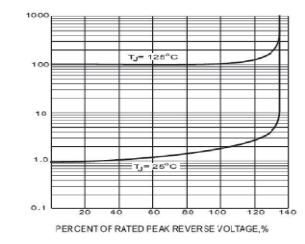


Fig.4TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

Fig.1PEAK FORWARD SURGE CURRRENT